

Diabetes, een ziekte met toekomst

Chantal Mathieu

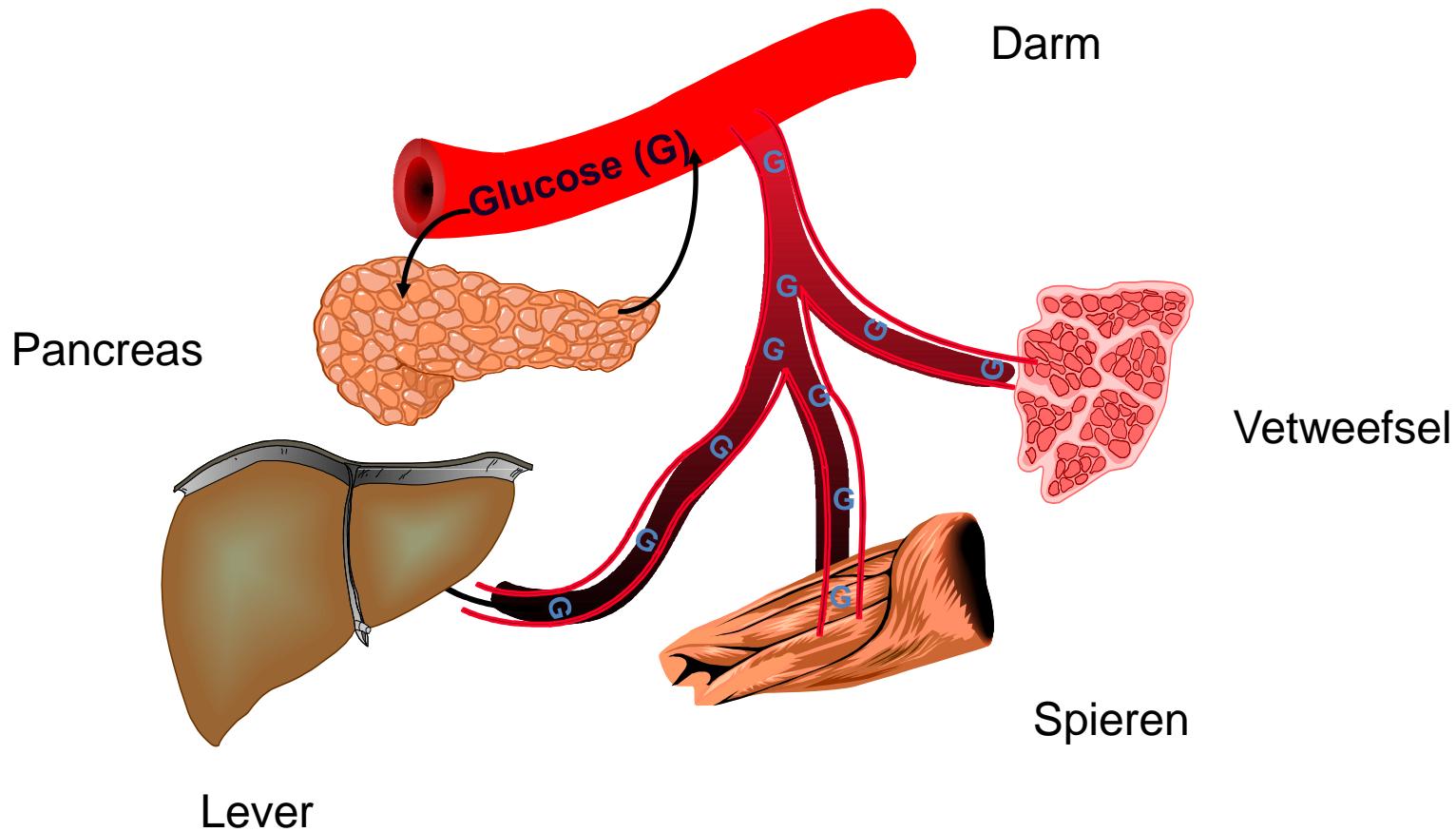
Diensthoofd Endocrinologie

KU Leuven

Speaker disclaimer

C. Mathieu is or has been consultant for and KU Leuven has received research support or honoraria from: NovoNordisk, MSD, Eli Lilly, Sanofi, Novartis, AstraZeneca, BMS, Janssen Pharmaceuticals, Pfizer, Medtronic, Roche, Servier

Wat gebeurt er met de glucose die wij opnemen via ons eten?



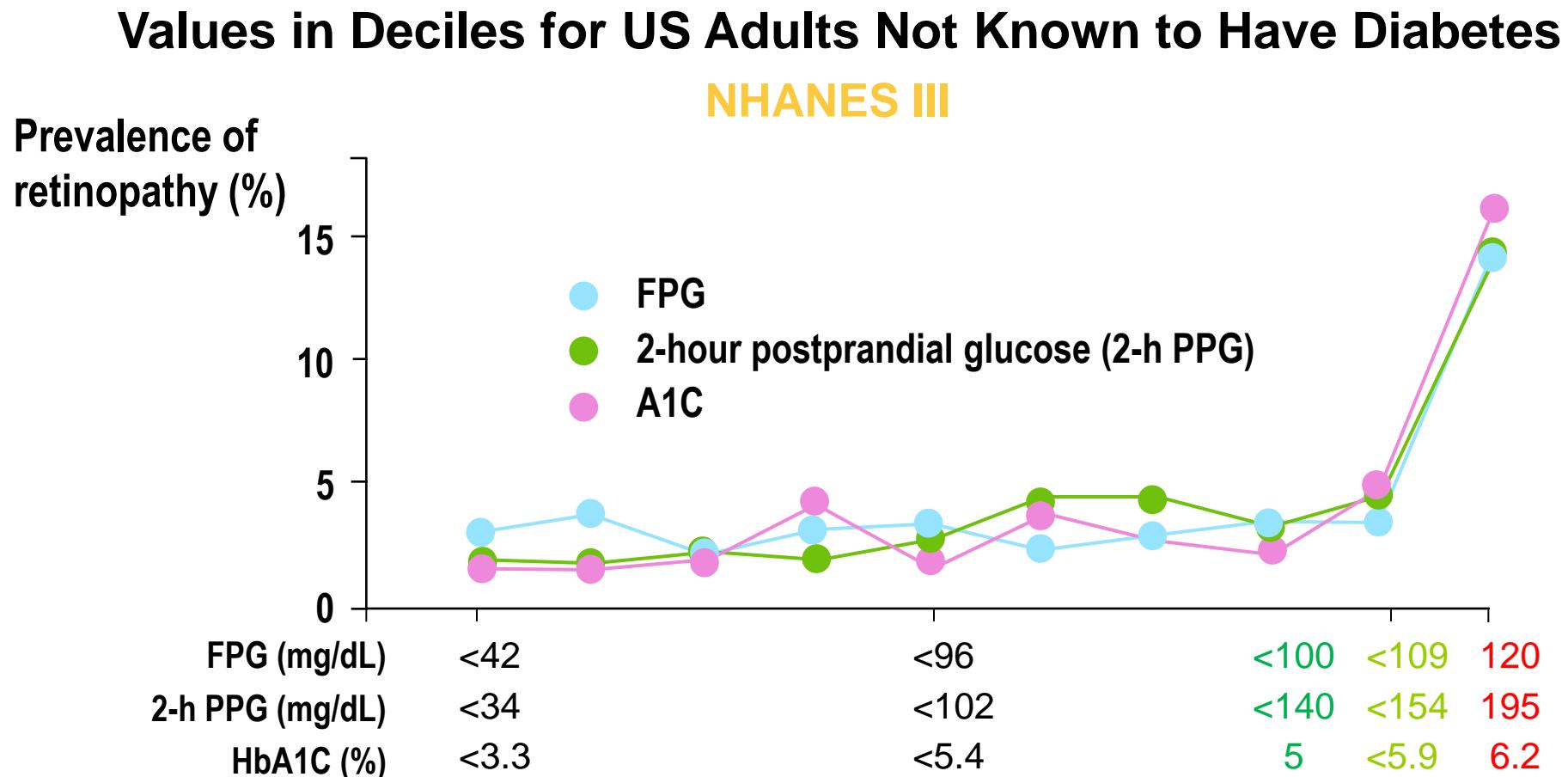
ADA criteria for diagnosis of diabetes mellitus (2011)

| | NORMAL | Diabetes | Impaired glucose tolerance | |
|--------------------------------|------------|------------|----------------------------|-------|
| Fasting | <100 mg/dl | ≥126 mg/dl | ≥100 and <126 mg/dl | (IFG) |
| OGTT (2h after 75g glucose) | <140 mg/dl | ≥200 mg/dl | ≥140 and <200 mg/dl | (IGT) |
| Random | | ≥200 mg/dl | | |
| HbA1c | 4-6% | >6.5% | | |

* In absence of symptoms (polyuria, polydipsia,...) second sample on different day.

Rationale voor de diagnostische criteria

Glycemische drempels voor retinopathie



Waarom is de bloedsuiker controleren zo belangrijk?

Diabetesverwikkelingen

- Acuut
- Chronisch

HYPER

Slaperigheid



Moeheid



Droge tong

Vaak plassen



Dorst



C. van der Velde

HYPO

Wisselend humeur



Moeheid



Bleekheid



Honger



Zweten



Slecht zien



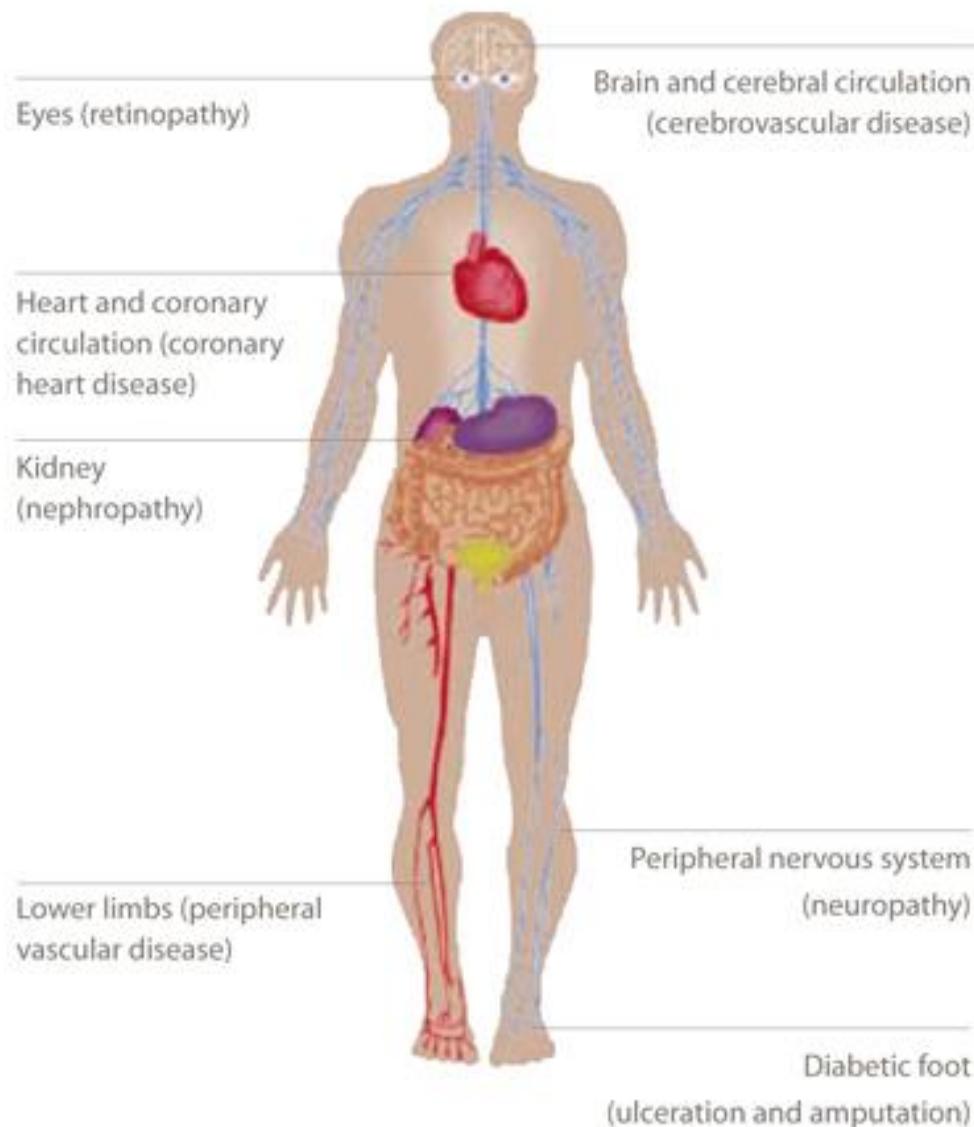
Beven



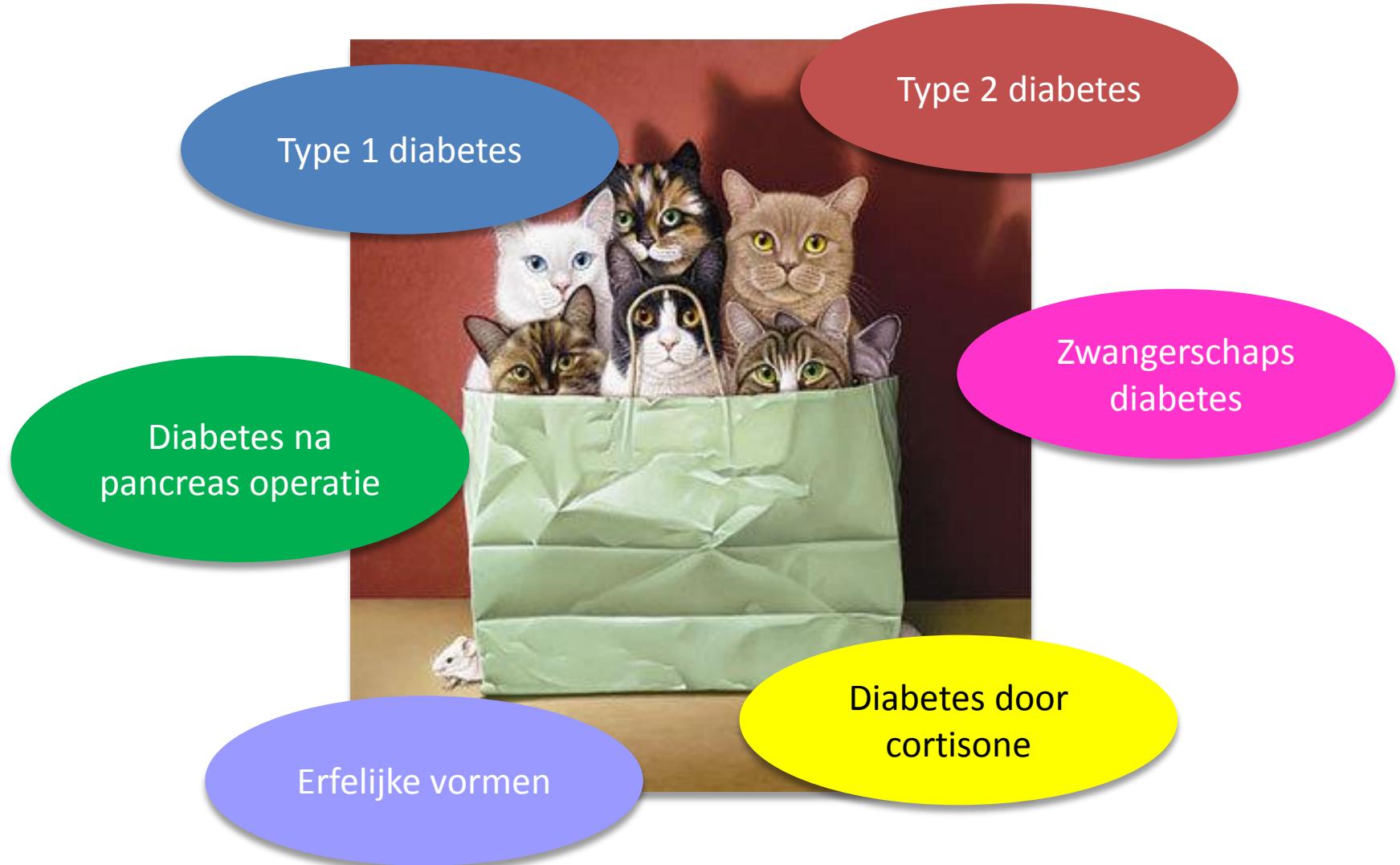
Duizeligheid

© HVK

Diabetic complications

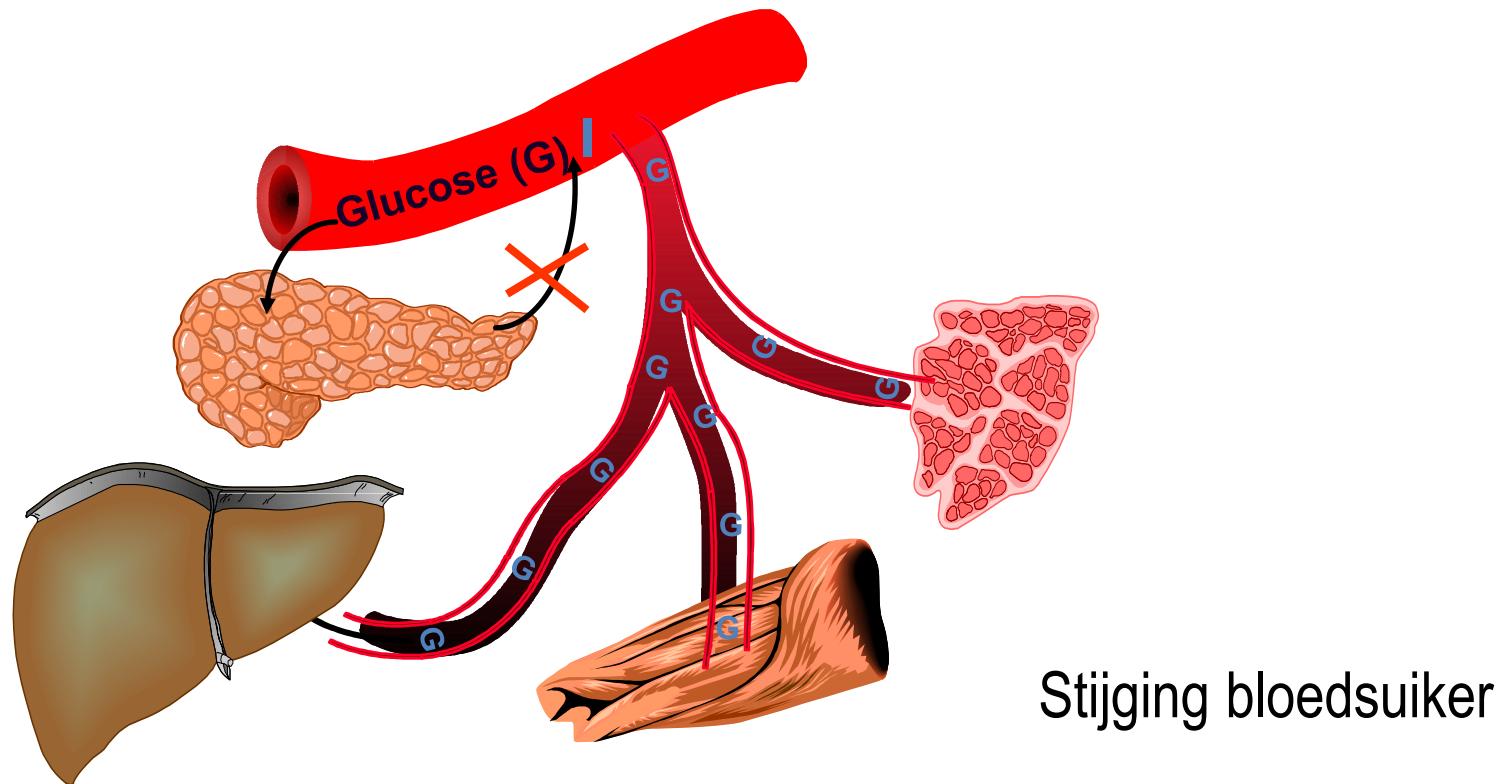


Diabetes

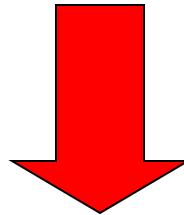


Type 1 diabetes

Geen insuline productie



Type 1 diabetes
= Destructie
van de insuline-producerende betacel



Behandeling: Vervangen
van alle functies van de
betacel

Doel van diabetes behandeling

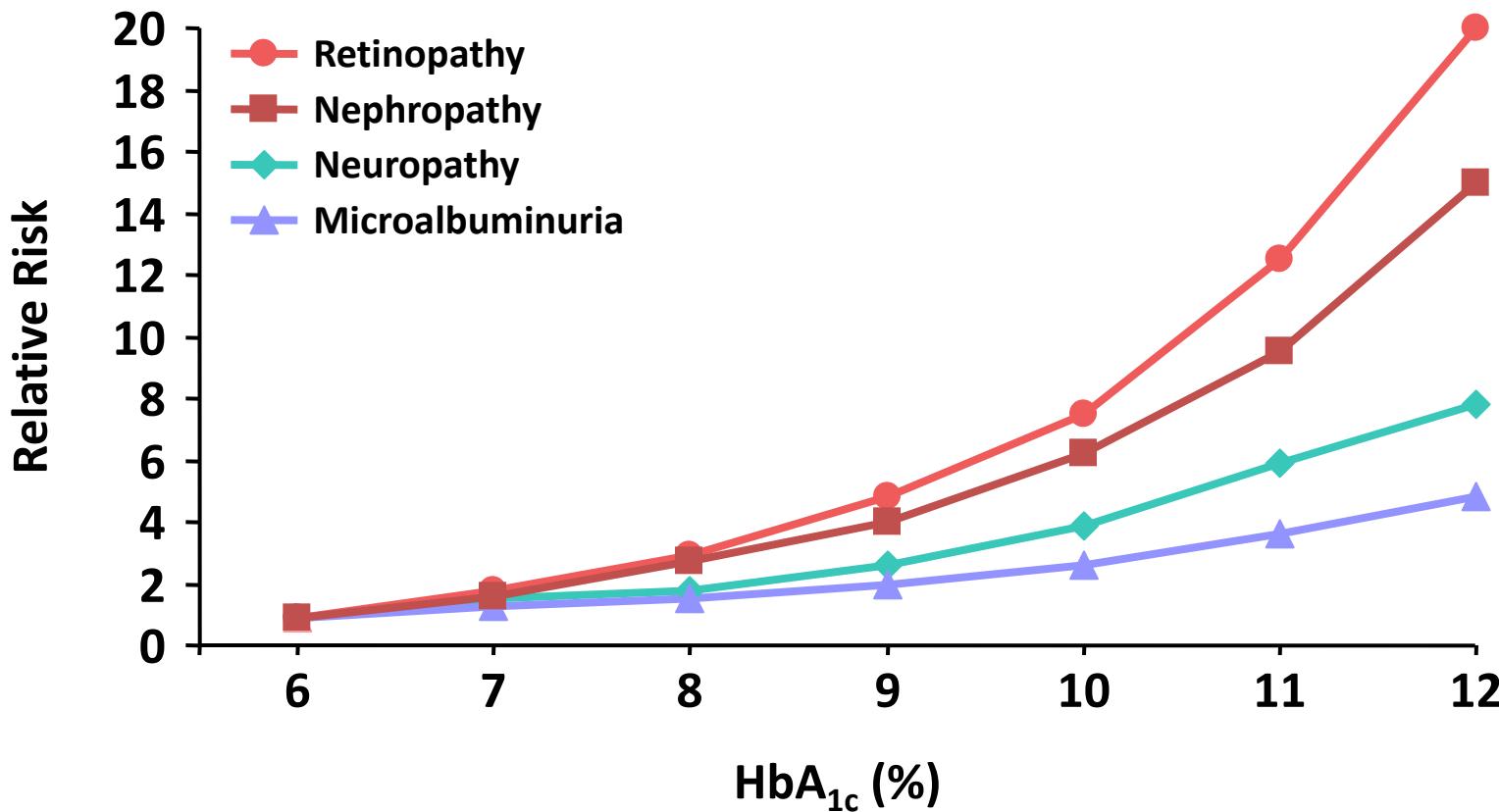
Kwantiteit van leven

en

Kwaliteit van leven

HbA_{1c} and Relative Risk of Progression of Complications in Type 1 Diabetes

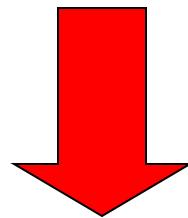
Diabetes Control and Complications Trial (DCCT)



Adapted with permission from Skyler JS. *Endocrinol Metab Clin North Am.* 1996;25:243-254.

Type 1 diabetes

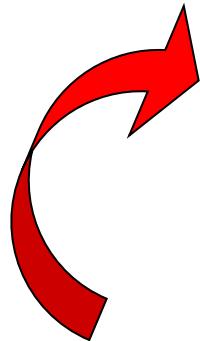
= Destructie van beta cellen



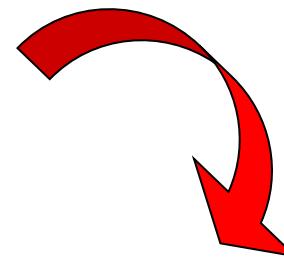
Therapie: Vervangen van
alle beta cel functies

Vervangen van alle beta cel functies

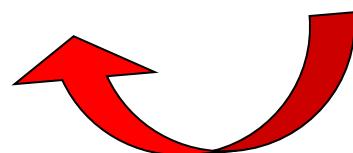
Bloedsuiker meten



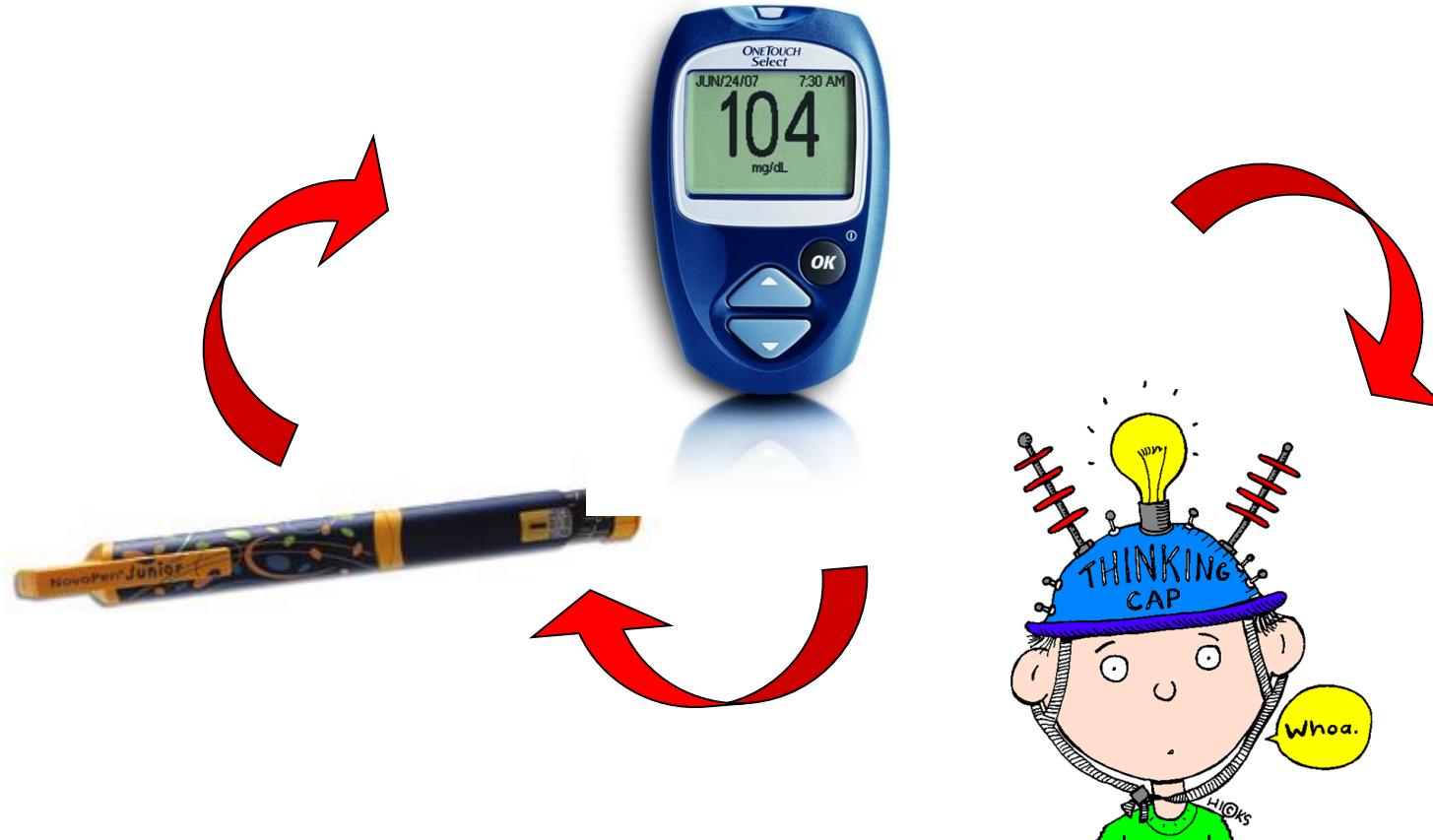
Insuline



Algoritme



Vervangen van alle beta cel functies



Type 1 diabetes: Middelen

- Insuline
- Educatie en zelf meten van de bloedsuiker
- Dieet
- Lifestyle

Type 1 diabetes: middelen

- Insuline
- Educatie en zelf meten van de bloedsuiker
 - Dieet
 - Lifestyle



Toekomst

- Medicijnen die verwikkelingen tegenhouden

Toekomst

- Medicijnen die verwikkelingen tegenhouden
- Nieuwe insulines:
 - Langer werkend, korter werkend
 - Via de mond
 - Glucose gevoelig

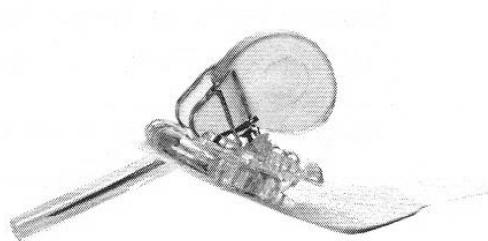
Toekomst

- Medicijnen die verwikkelingen tegenhouden
- Nieuwe insulines:
 - Langer werkend, korter werkend
 - Via de mond
 - Glucose gevoelig
- **Gesloten lus: artificiële pancreas**

Artificiële pancreas



Pumps and sensors



Artificiële pancreas

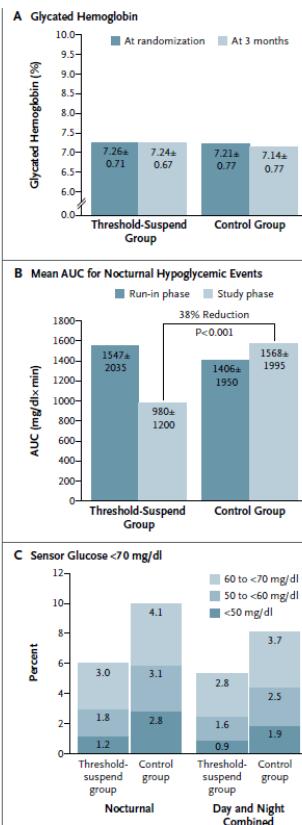


ORIGINAL ARTICLE

Threshold-Based Insulin-Pump Interruption for Reduction of Hypoglycemia

Richard M. Bergenstal, M.D., David C. Klonoff, M.D., Satish K. Garg, M.D.,
 Bruce W. Bode, M.D., Melissa Meredith, M.D., Robert H. Slover, M.D.,
 Andrew J. Ahmann, M.D., John B. Welsh, M.D., Ph.D., Scott W. Lee, M.D.,
 and Francine R. Kaufman, M.D., for the ASPIRE In-Home Study Group*

Figure 2. Primary and key secondary end points.
 As shown in Panel A, the mean (\pm SD) changes in glycated hemoglobin concentrations during the study phase (the primary safety end point) were similar in the threshold-suspend and control groups ($0.00 \pm 0.44\%$ vs. $-0.04 \pm 0.42\%$; difference, 0.05 percentage points; 95% confidence interval [CI], -0.05 to 0.15). As shown in Panel B, the mean area under the curve (AUC) for nocturnal hypoglycemic events during the study phase (the primary efficacy end point) was 37.5% lower in the threshold-suspend group than in the control group ($P < 0.001$). As shown in Panel C, the percentage of sensor glucose values that were less than 70 mg per deciliter was lower in the threshold-suspend group than in the control group, whether during nighttime hours (6.0% vs. 10.0%) or during daytime and nighttime hours combined (5.3% vs. 8.1%). The P value was less than 0.001 for each range in the panel. (See Table S2 in the Supplementary Appendix for the percentages of sensor glucose values in all ranges.) To convert values for glucose to millimoles per liter, multiply by 0.055551 .



Artificiële pancreas

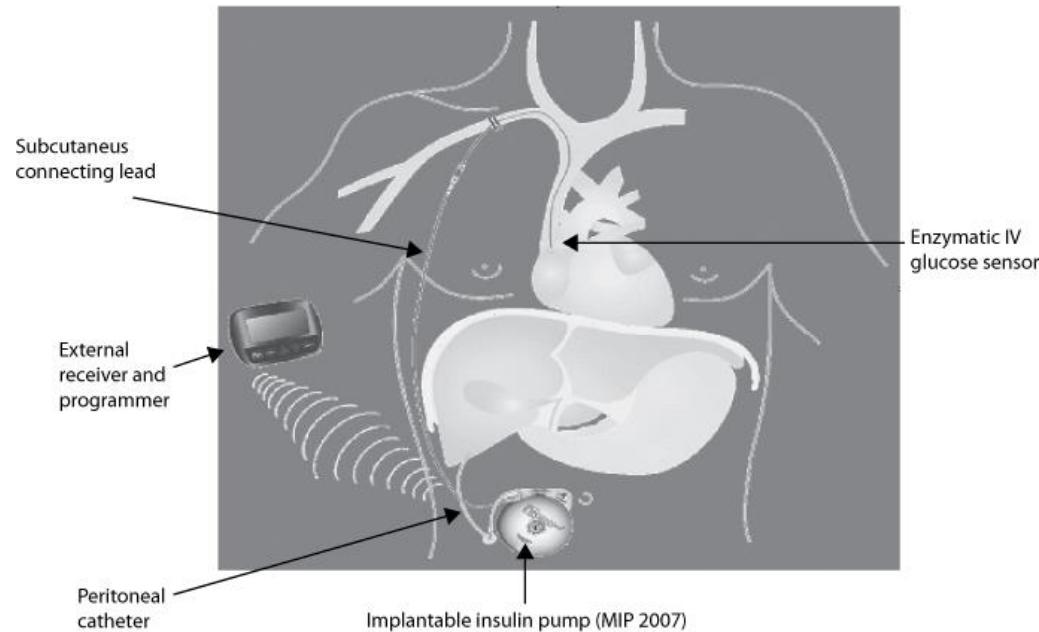
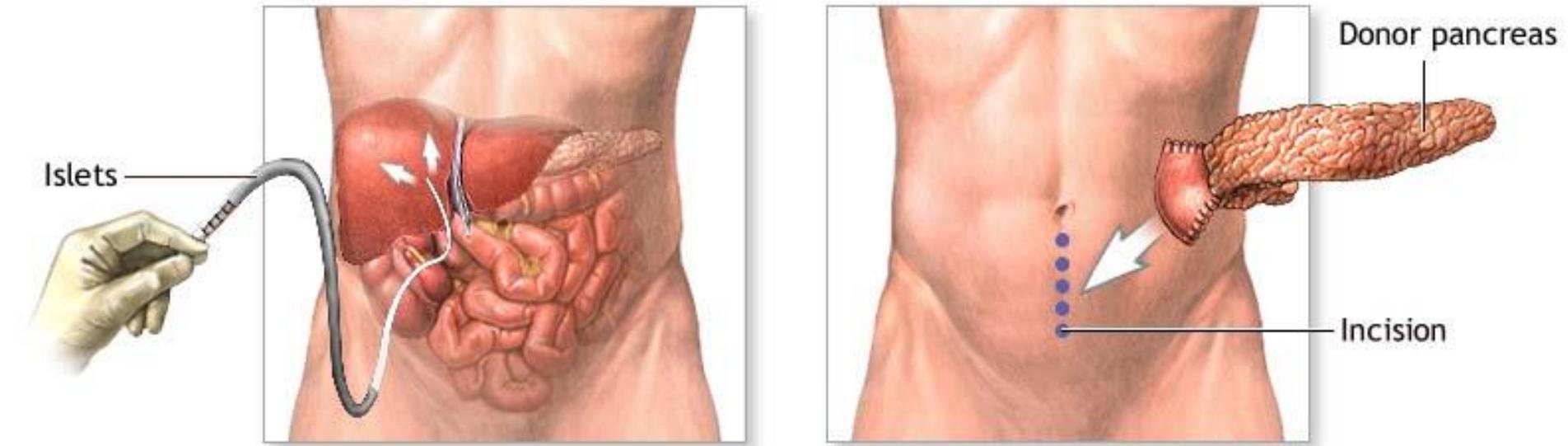


Figure 1. Scheme of human implantation of the Long-Term Sensor System® (LTSS, Medtronic-Minimed), a prototype of implantable artificial beta-cell.

Toekomst

- Medicijnen die verwikkelingen tegenhouden
- Nieuwe insulines:
 - Langer werkend, korter werkend
 - Via de mond
 - Glucose gevoelig
- Gesloten lus: artificiële pancreas
- **Transplantatie**

Type 1 diabetes



Cure

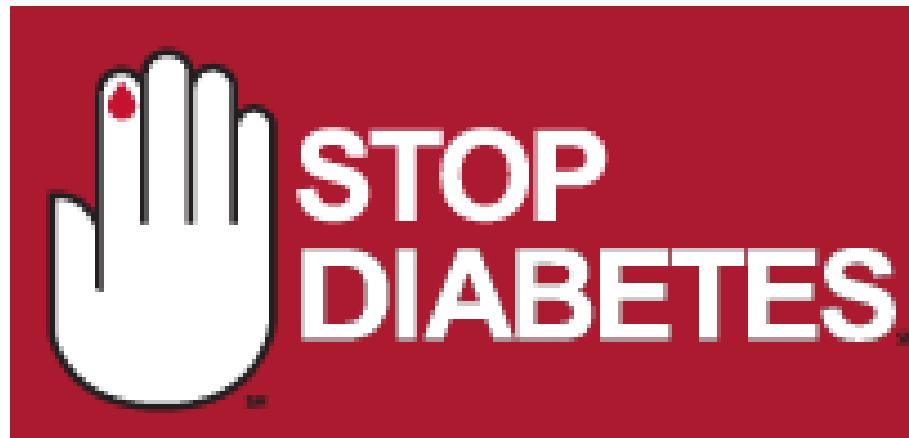
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Replacement of pancreatic betacell

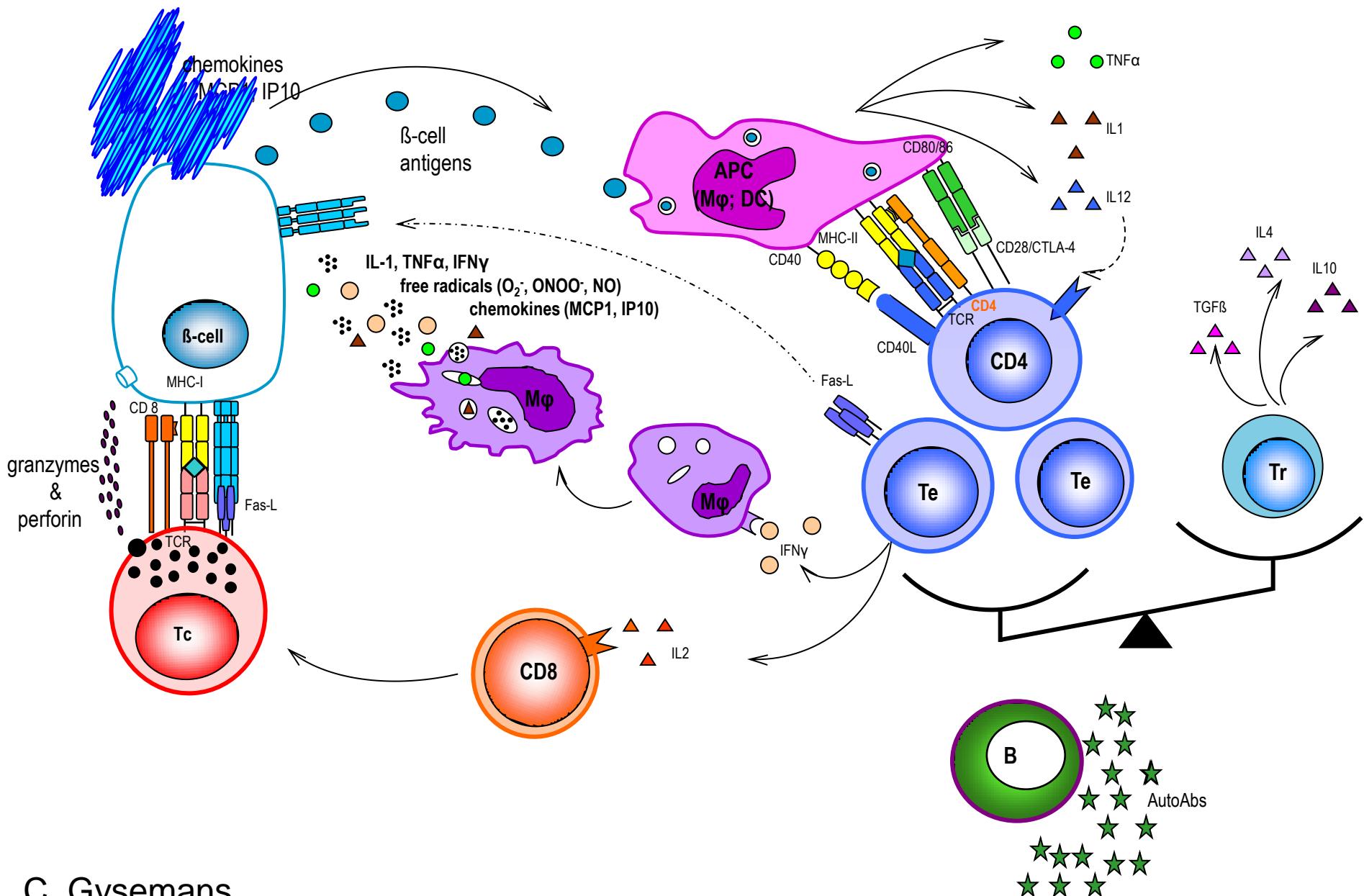
Toekomst

- Medicijnen die verwikkelingen tegenhouden
- Nieuwe insulines:
 - Langer werkend, korter werkend
 - Via de mond
 - Glucose gevoelig
- Gesloten lus: artificiele pancreas
- Transplantatie
- **Preventie**

Preventie



How are beta-cells destroyed in T1D?





Naimit

Aspecific immunomodulation



Immune stimulation

Cytokines

Anti-CD4

Thymectomy

Antibodies against cytokines

Bone marrow transplantation

1,25-dihydroxyvitamin D

Irradiation

Anti-CD3

FK506

FTY20

Cyclosporine A

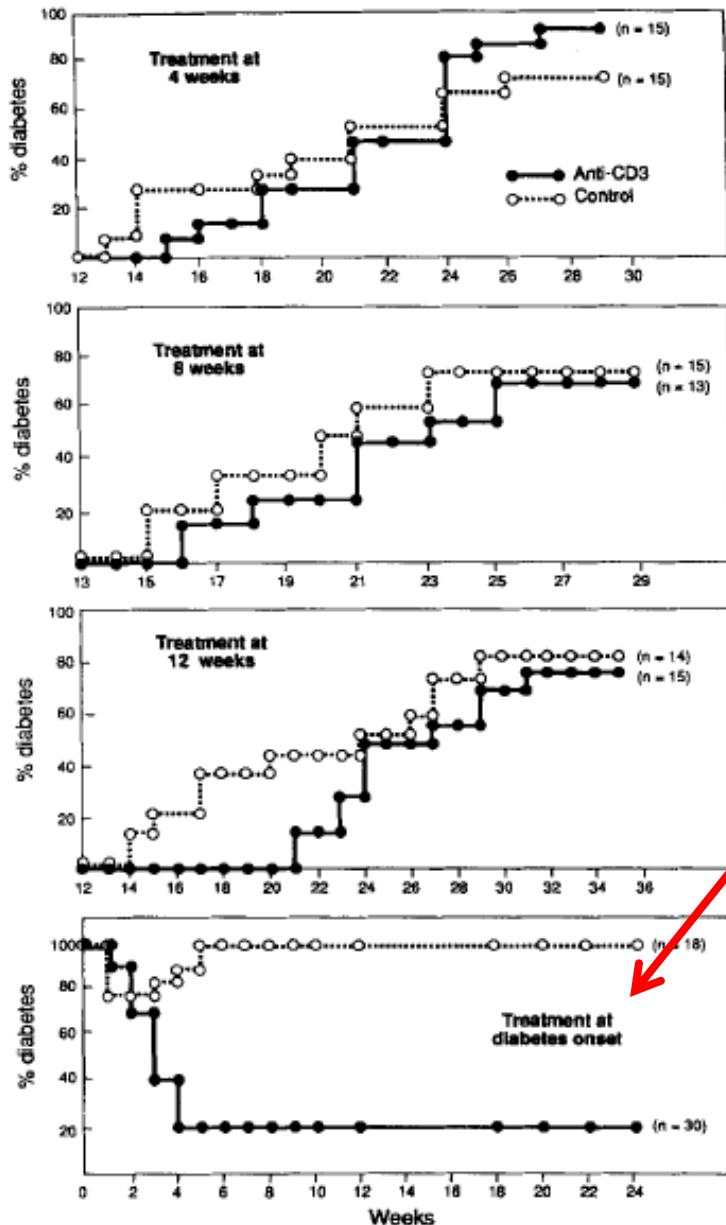
ATG

Anti-CD2

Rapamycin

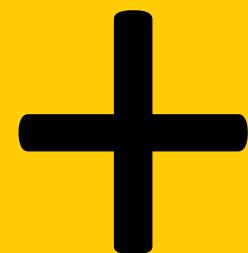


Anti-CD3 REVERSES diabetes in NOD mice



5-day therapy with 5
μg/day 145-2C11 αCD3
mAb

Antigen-specific
tolerance induction



Global immune
suppression/regulation

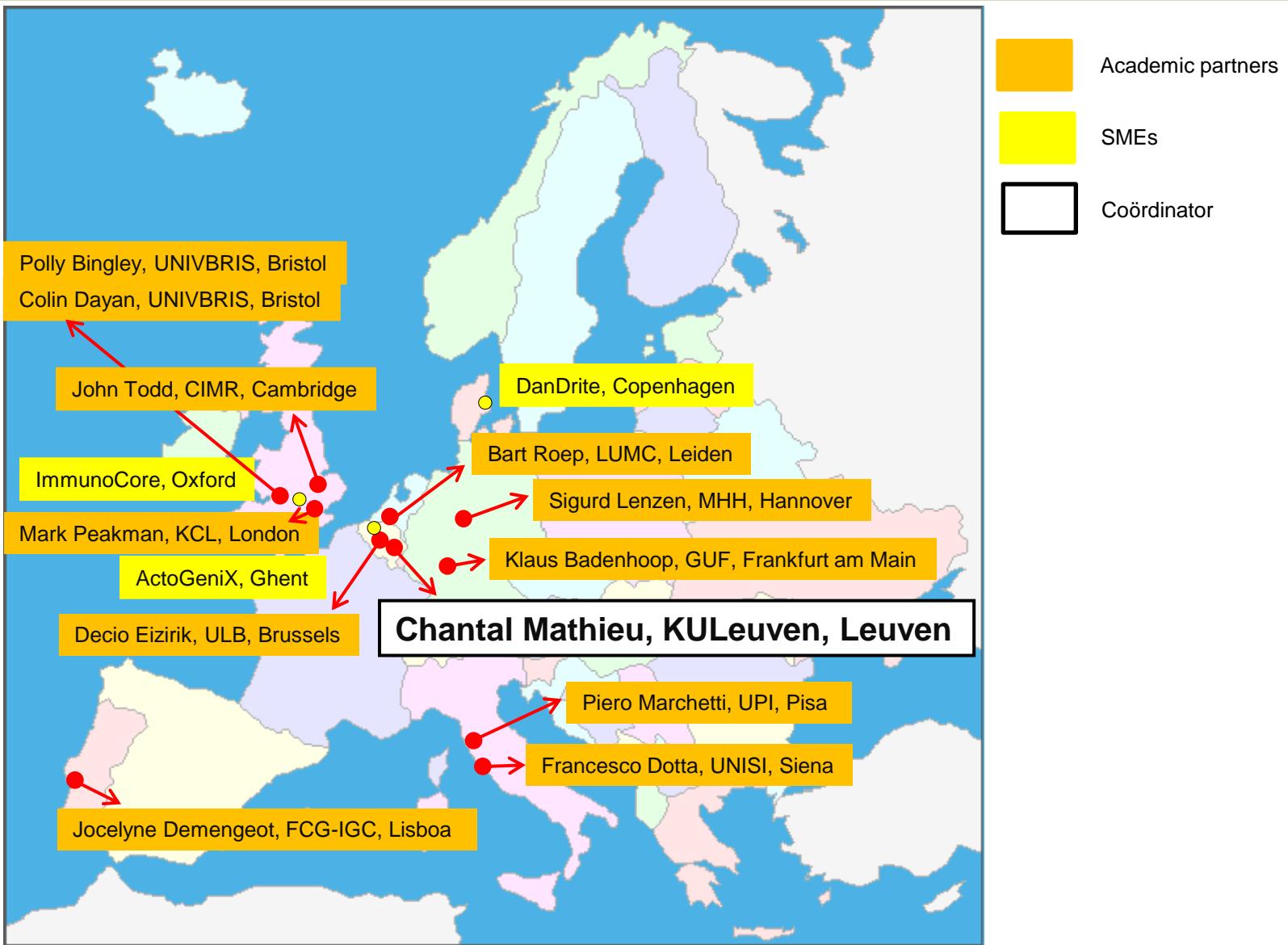


NAIMIT

Natural immunomodulators as novel
immunotherapies for
Type 1 diabetes

www.naimit.eu

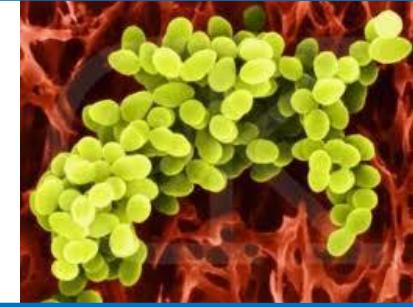
Vitamin D in EU: FP7



Lactococcus lactis : from dairy industry to antigen and therapeutic protein delivery

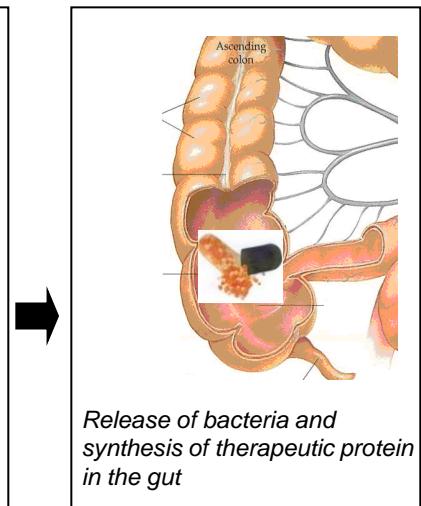
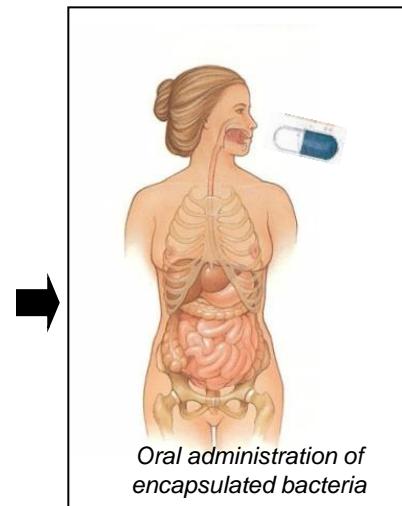
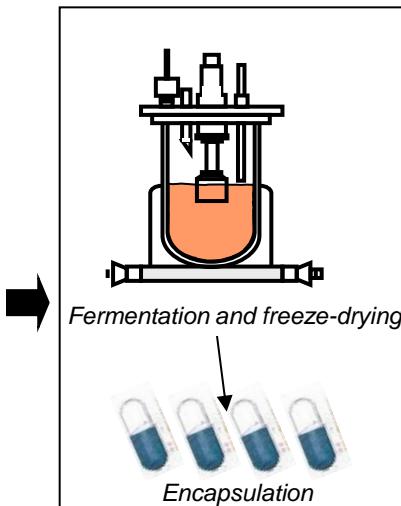
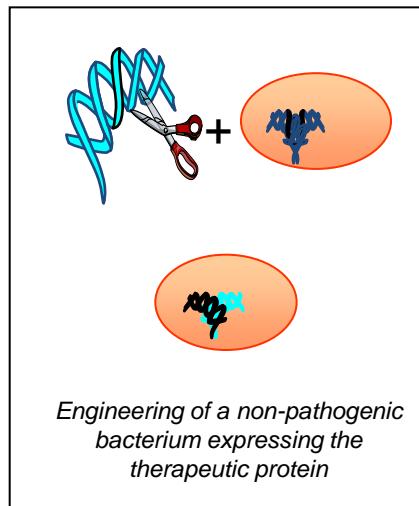
Is a lactic acid bacteria traditionally used in dairy industry in the fermentation of foods. e.g. production of buttermilk and cheese.

It is **non-pathogenic, non-invasive, non-colonizing**, therefore considered as GRAS (generally regarded as safe) organism.

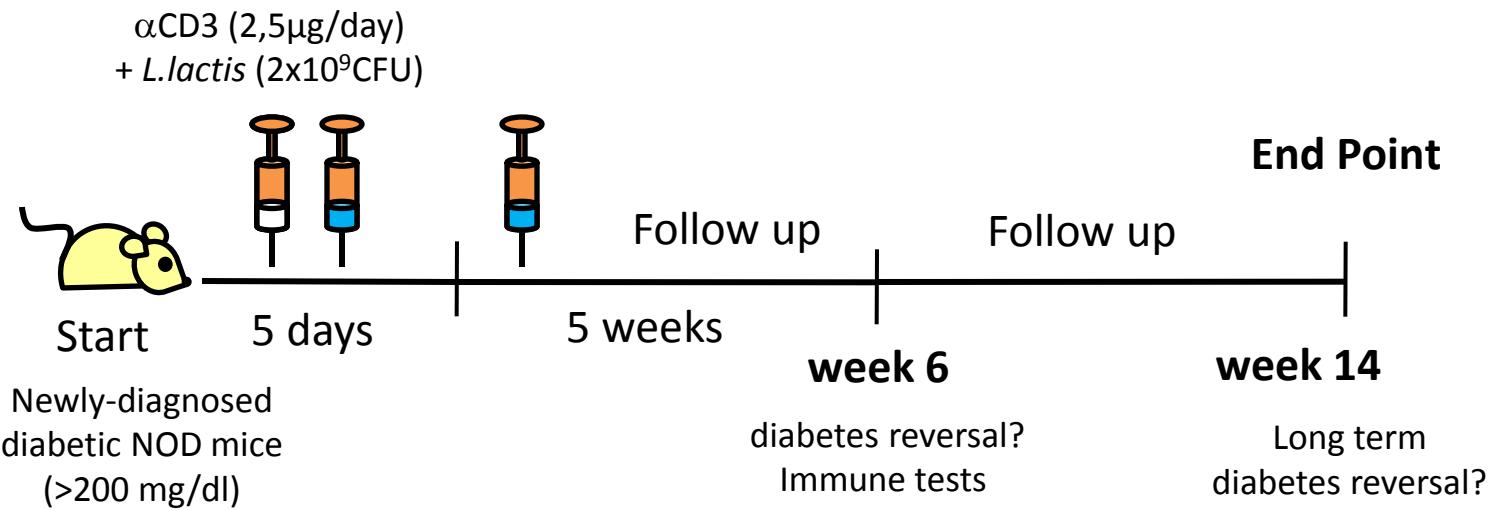


A delivery tool for antigen and therapeutic proteins

- ❖ Genetically engineered to **deliver proteins/peptides** in the gut
- ❖ **Containment system** to prevent survival outside the human body



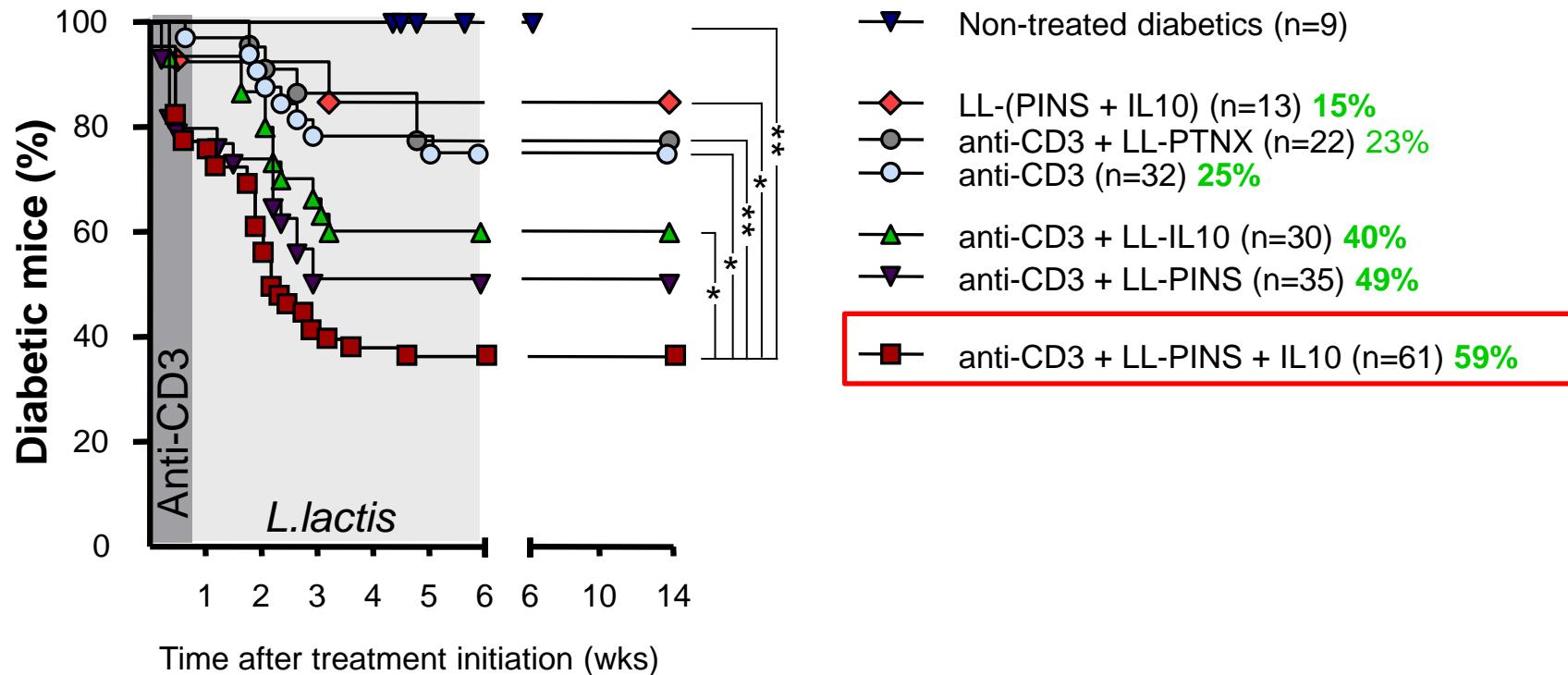
Experimental design



Groups:

- Group 1: αCD3
- Group 2: αCD3 + *L.lactis* with empty vector (LL-pT1NX)
- Group 3: αCD3 + *L.lactis* secreting pro-insulin + IL-10 (LL-pins + hIL-10)
- Group 4: αCD3 + *L.lactis* secreting pro-insulin (LL-pins)
- Group 5: αCD3 + *L.lactis* secreting IL-10 (LL-hIL-10)
- Group 6: *L.lactis* secreting pro-insulin + hIL-10

Reversal of diabetes



*vs. anti-CD3+LL-PINS+IL-10. One symbol represents $0.01 < p < 0.05$; two symbols represent $0.01 < p < 0.001$. Statistical differences were calculated by Mantel-Haenszel logrank test.



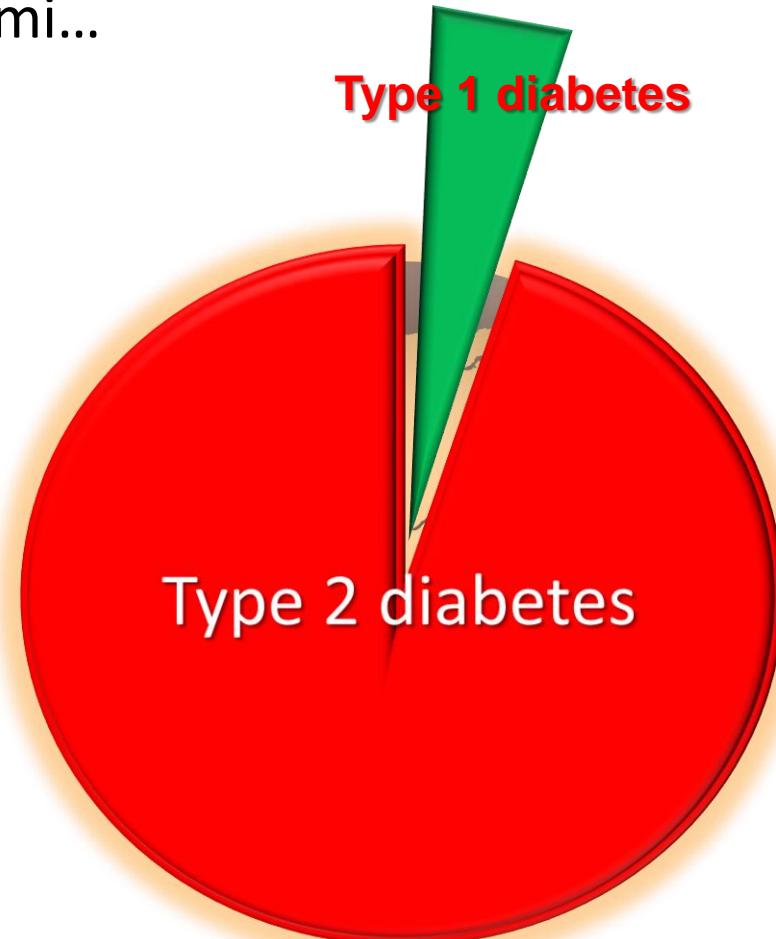
Type 2 Diabetes: the modern day tsunami...
Estimated global prevalence of diabetes



151 million
2000



347 million
2008

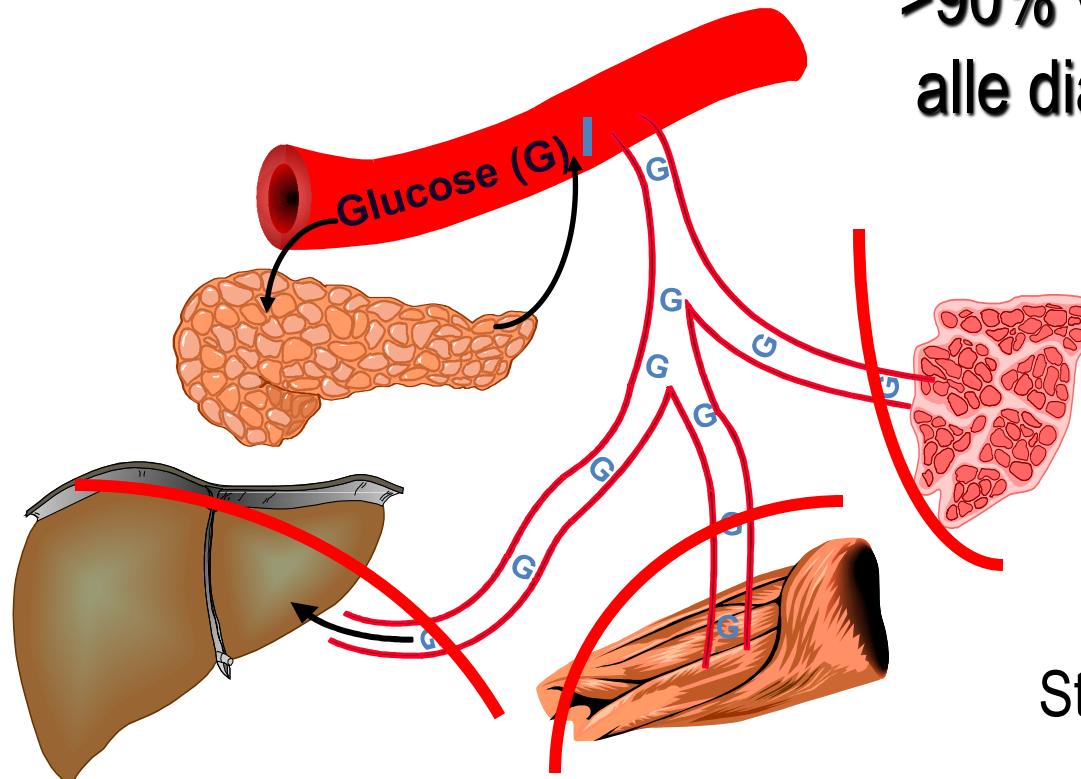


438 million
2030

Type 2 diabetes

Relatief onvoldoende insuline productie

>90% van
alle diabetespatiënten



Hoge weerstandigheid
aan insuline

Stijging glycemie

Type 2 diabetes: Middelen

- Glucose verlagende middelen
- Educatie en zelf meten van de bloedsuiker
- Dieet
- Lifestyle

Type 2 diabetes: Middelen

- Educatie
- Dieet
- Lifestyle
- Multifactoriële benadering
 - Glucose verlagende middelen
 - Zelf meten van de bloedsuiker





eg. GOOG, iPhone, Yen, or Gold



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92 billion dollars

Diabetes is the syndrome of having excess blood sugar due to low levels of insulin or insulin resistance. Approximately 21 million individuals in the U.S. have diabetes, and this number is growing at 10% a year, or over 1.5 million new cases annually.^[1] Age and obesity are both risk factors, and contributes to this number.

While diabetes often cannot be cured, drugmakers and biotech companies make glucose monitors, insulin delivery devices, and drug products to help manage the condition. It is estimated that the total market for diabetes products and related care is worth \$92 billion in the U.S.^[2] Diabetes is especially important to Amylin, Novo Nordisk, Insulet, and DexCom which focus on this market.

TOP CONTRIBUTORS

SR. DIRECTOR TOP 5%
Dan Pan

subscription fee.

CLICK TO PLAY VIDEO

TRADE FREE FOR 60 DAYS

OPEN AN AC

WELCOME TO BETTER

TD Ameritrade

RECENT NEWS

'We live in interesting times'

SmartCells, Inc.
The Big Idea:
Smart Cells, Inc. has developed a "smart" insulin molecule. It is a insulin molecule with a polymer chain attached to it. This polymer chain allows the insulin to be released at different rates depending on the glucose level. The insulin molecule is shown with its chemical structure: C10H8Cl2O8.

Acquired?

Ordinary Insulin Molecules

Transplanting Islet Cells

Research Scope for Islet Transplantation

1. Donor pancreas
1. Islet-producing cells in the pancreas
2. Enclosed key insulin device

2. Islets are transplanted into the liver

3. Transplanted cells, including insulin, in the liver

Surface Camouflage
1. Liver Type-RBCs
2. Human RBCs
3. Synthetic RBCs
4. Liver Type-RBCs + Human RBCs

Genetically Engineered

Hydrogel Encapsulation
Microsphere Delivery Drug

Mesoporous RBCs + Islet Cells

Augment and expand

STOP DIABETES

Continuous Glucose Monitor
Control - Algorithm
Insulin Pump

1 Enter coated tablets, targeting the duodenum, facilitating maximum drug delivery to this area.
2 Dissolution of the tablet results in the co-release of the drug and absorption enhances.
3 This physical site facilitates the absorption of the drug across the intestinal cell membrane and results in increase of bioavailability.

* Up to 30 times more drug absorbed in clinical trials.
* Clinical Studies, Broad range drug types.
* 2005 status: complete development.

Toekomst

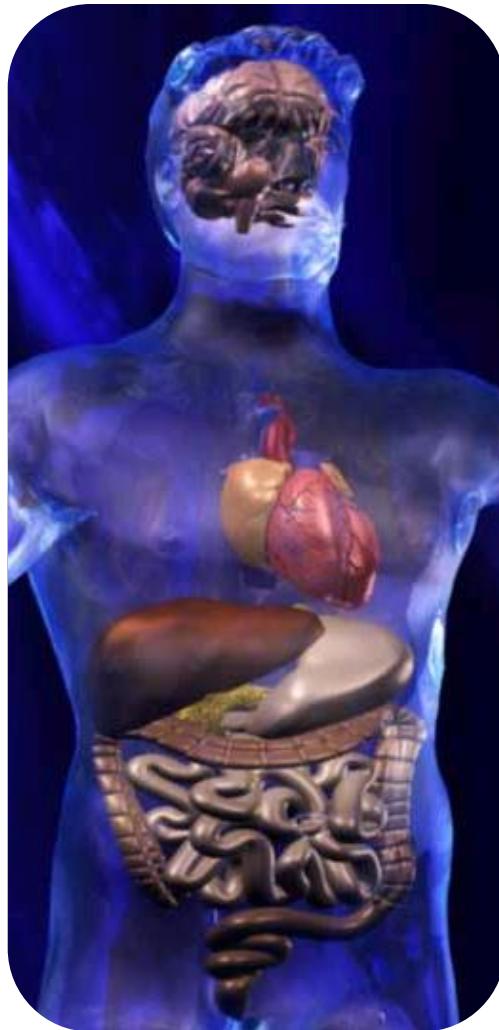
- Nieuwe insulines:
 - Langer werkend, korter werkend
 - Via de mond
 - Glucose gevoelig
- Obesitas tegengaan
- Insuline gevoelheid verbeteren
- Betacellen beschermen/sterker maken
- Incretinesysteem

GLP-1 heeft diverse effecten in het menselijk lichaam

Pancreas

- ↑ Insulin secretion (glucose-dependent)
- ↑ Beta-cell sensitivity
- ↑ Insulin synthesis
- ↓ Glucagon secretion (glucose-dependent)
- ↑ Beta-cell mass*

*in animal studies



Brain

- ↓ Energy intake*

Liver

- ↓ Hepatic glucose output

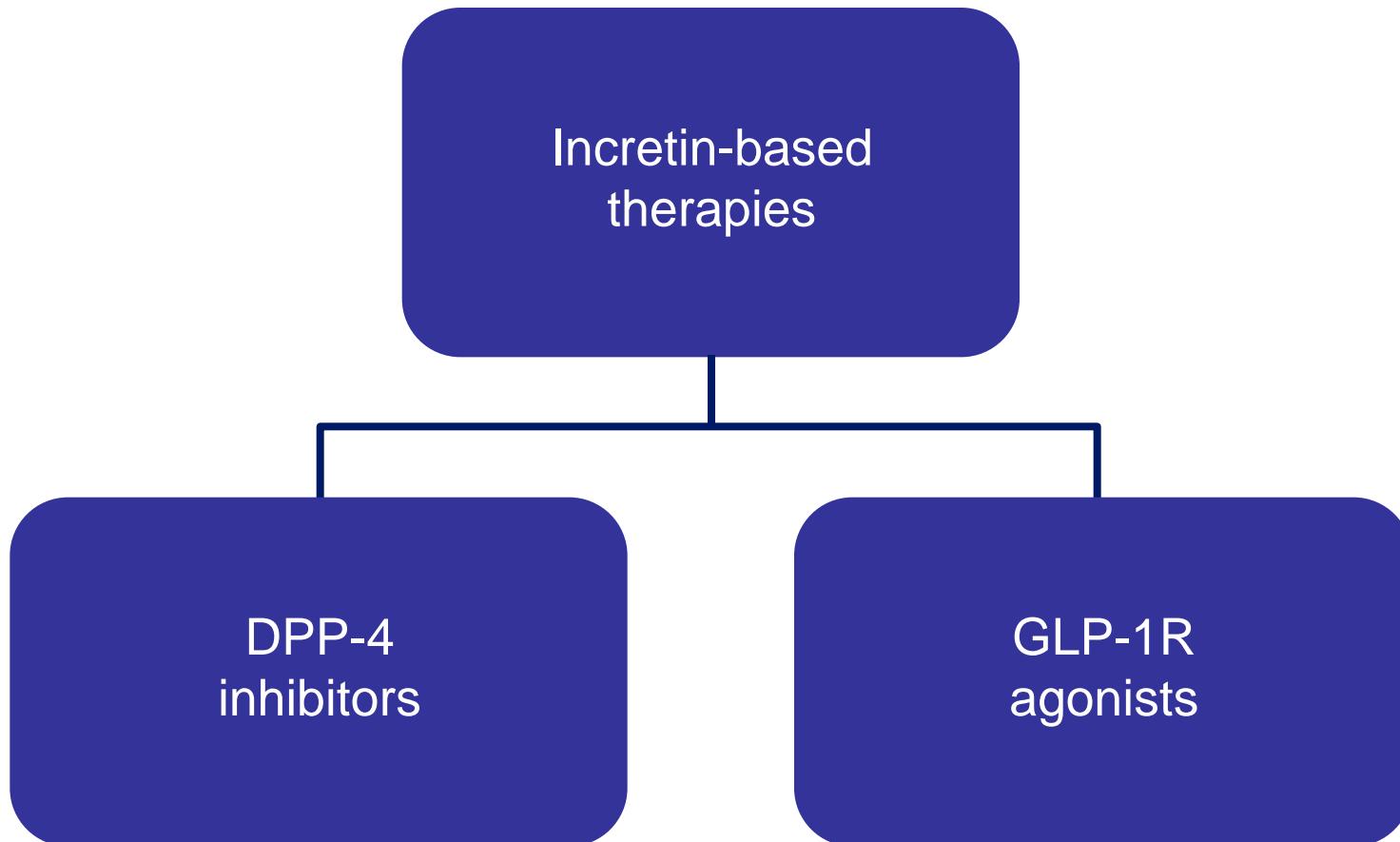
GI tract

- ↓ Gastric emptying

Heart

- ↑ Cardioprotection
- ↑ Cardiac function

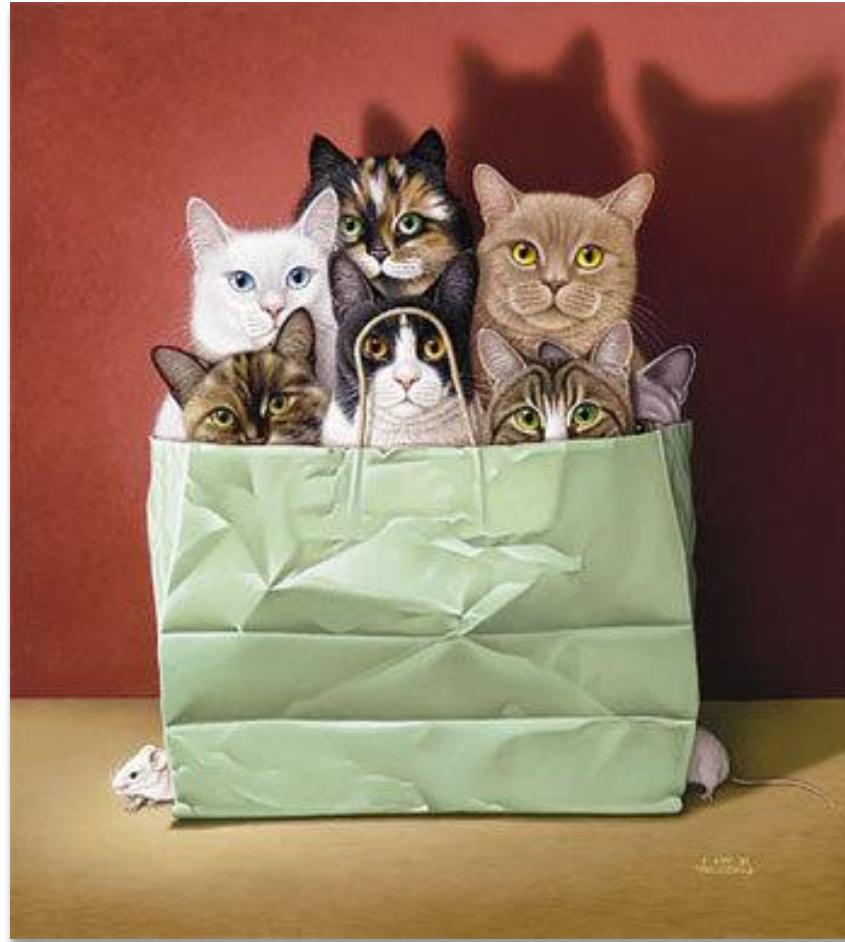
The family of incretin-based therapies





Plaats van heelkunde???

Diabetes

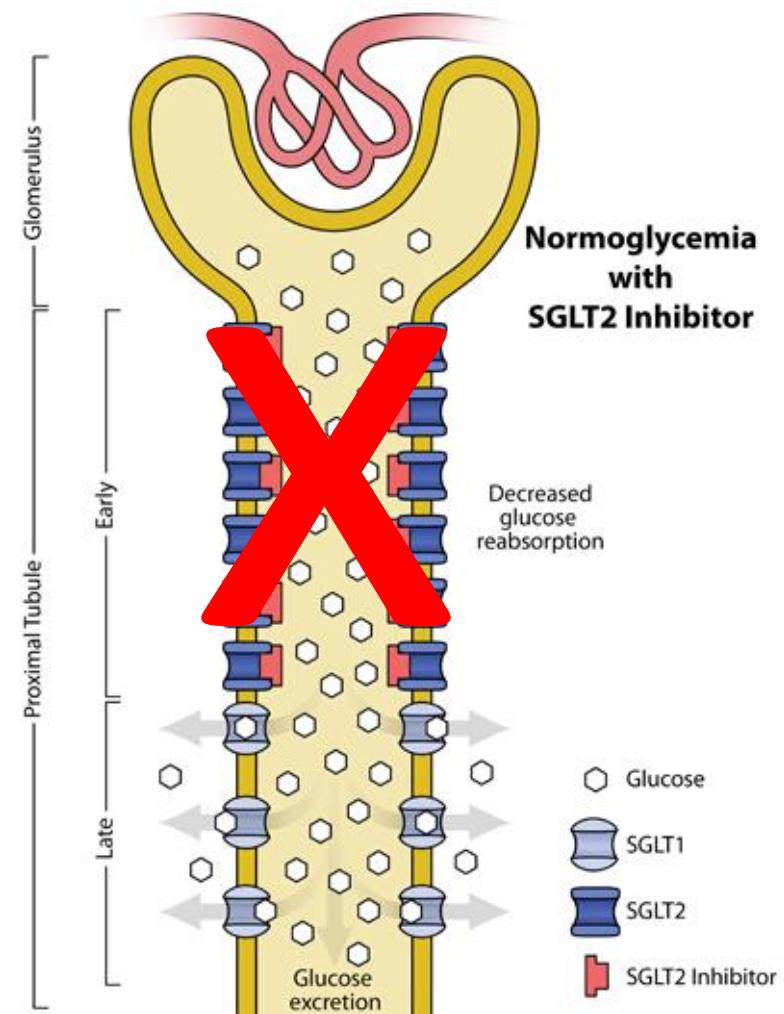
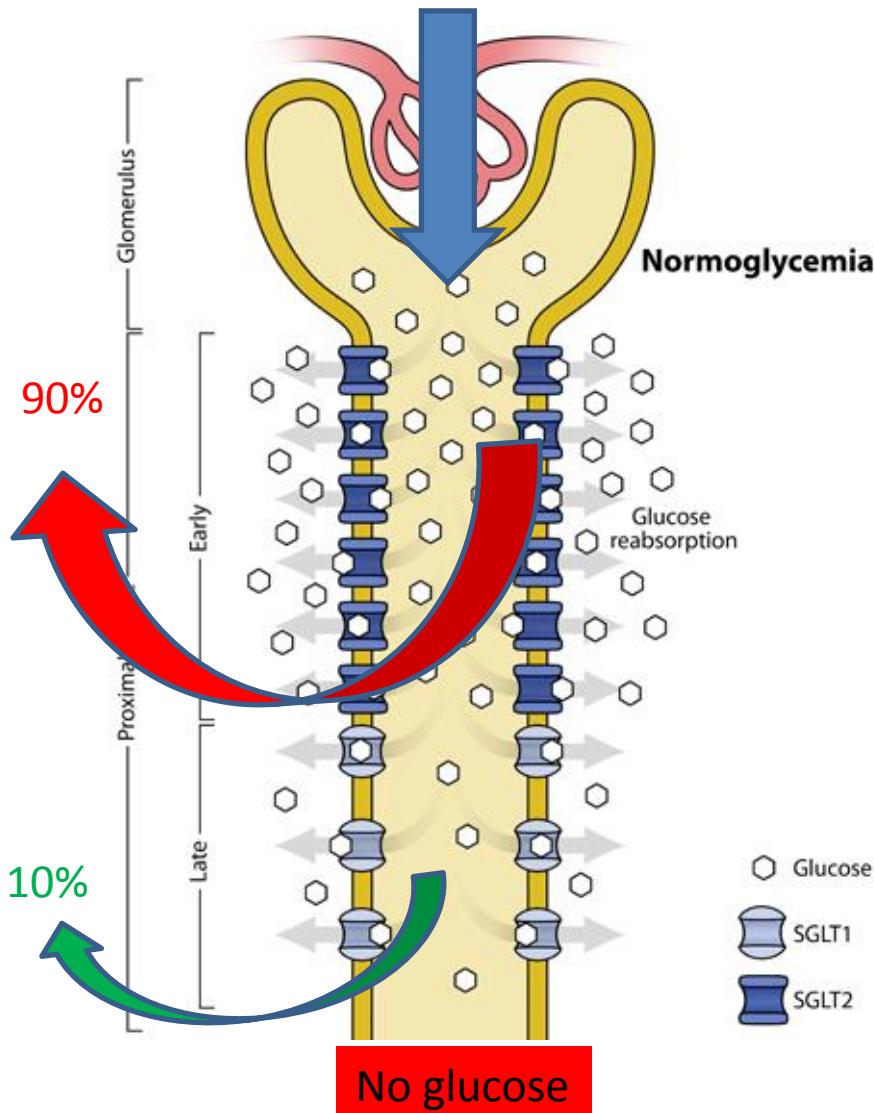


Diabetes



Renal Handling of Glucose

$$(180 \text{ L/day}) (900 \text{ mg/L}) = 162 \text{ g/day}$$



Diabetes, ziekte met toekomst

- De prevalentie van diabetes neemt toe
- Verwikkelingen van diabetes drijven gezondheidszorg kost
- Genezing/preventie van type 1 diabetes aan de horizon
- Nieuwe middelen maken goede glycemiecontrole in meer mensen mogelijk

Hope

ONE WAY

